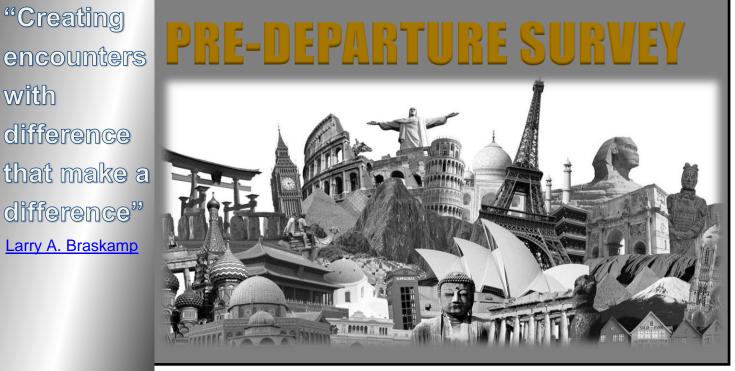
### Intercultural Learning 101: Study Abroad

## Activities Booklet



"Creating with difference that make a difference" Larry A. Braskamp



### **Pre-Departure Survey**

### Step 1

Students complete the Sojourn Readiness Assessment (SRA) by Brent K. Jesiek

### Step 2

After careful evaluation, each student selects the SRA item among items #1, 4, 7, 10, and 13 that most relates to them.

After careful evaluation, each student selects the SRA item among items #2, 5, 8, 11, and 14 that most relates to them.

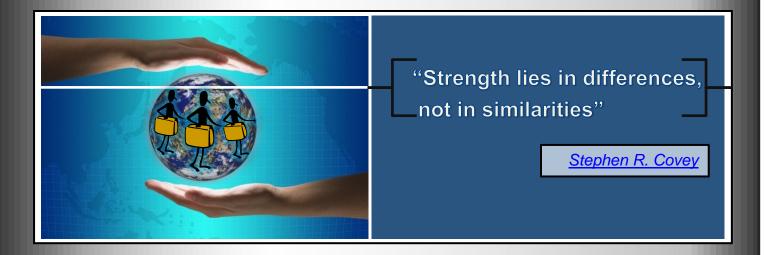
After careful evaluation, each student selects the SRA item among items #3, 6, 9, 12, and 15 that most relates to them.

(See Step 3 on the following page)





Rubric	High (2)	Med (1)	Low (0)
Thinking	Clear, concise & perceptive	Somewhat clear & perceptive	Little clarity & no perception
Focus	On topic & to the point	Somewhat on topic & close to the point	Off topic & not to the point
Coverage	Addressed all four topics or sentences		Addresses less than four topics or sentences



### **Pre-Departure Survey**

### Step 3

Reflect on each of the 3 items selected and write a four-sentence reflective paragraph on each of the 3 items identified:

The first sentence is the topic sentence to clarify which item is selected.

The second sentence describes the reasons why or interprets why this item was a priority.

The third sentence evaluates the item as a priority.

The fourth sentence addresses how the student will address this concern or what the student plans to do about item selected or is an "I will ..." statement.

### **Additional Pre-Departure Resources**

What's Up With Culture

"Creating encounters with difference that make a difference"

Larry A. Braskamp

# KNOWLEDGE OF CULTURAL WORLDVIEW FRAMEWORKS ASSIGNMENT





### KNOWLEDGE OF CULTURAL WORLDVIEW FRAMEWORKS

For more information contact:
Chuck Calahan calahanc@purdue.edu

When you have knowledge of cultural worldview frameworks, you can understand the elements important to members of another culture. These elements can relate to the culture's history, values, politics, communication styles, economy, beliefs, and practices.



In this assignment you are required to look up the answers to the following topics on the country or countries you will be visiting. In addition to writing the answers as a Word document or other file to these topics, please provide images from the Internet, links or websites to add clarity to your learning. For example, the first topic is the name of the head of state, perhaps the president, king, queen, etc. Please look up an image of this person and insert it into your Word document or other file.

The following list of topics comes from pages 129 -130 in <u>Preparing to Study Abroad: Learning Across Cultures</u> by Steven T. Duke. This fun and easy to read book is highly recommended reading and the text book for Intercultural Learning 101: Study Abroad.

Rubric	High (2)	Med (1)	Low (0)
Responses			Incompletely answered all or most topics
Images, photos or links	Provided for most topics	Somewhat provided	Rarely provided



### "Strength lies in differences, not in similarities"

Stephen R. Covey

### For the country or countries you will visit, what are the:

### **Political Systems**

Name the head of state (president, king, queen, etc.) and the prominent members of his or her family (include images or photos)

Names of other key government leaders (prime minister, foreign minister, minister of internal affairs, etc. (include images or photos)

Format and function of the national government and national legislature

Names of major political parties

Name of the mayor or leader of the city where you will stay (include image or photo)

Are national elections held, how frequently, and when was the last election

### **Religions and faith Traditions**

Names of leaders of major religions or faith systems (include images or photos)

Key beliefs or traditions (include images or photos)

What each religion or faith tradition teaches regarding life, death, and interaction with others

### **Economy**

Names of major companies that operate in the country or countries you will visit and what they produce (include links to websites)

Major exports or imports common predictions for how well the economy will perform in the next few years

### **Sports and Exercise**

Name of the sports leagues and teams located in the city or region you will visit (include images, photos, and websites)

Colors, emblems, and logos of those sports teams (include images)

Common forms of exercise among the general population (include photos)

### Languages and Ethnic groups

Names of the major ethnic groups

Rough proportion of the population that speaks a dominant language

What are the dominant language and the non-dominant languages of the country or countries you will visit? (include a link to a video of persons speaking these languages)

Languages used to conduct official business and why

Languages taught most commonly in schools and why

### **Holidays**

Name of major holidays and when they take place (include images or photos)

How do people generally celebrate these holidays? (include images or photos)

What are the meanings of these holidays?

Common foods, music, art associated with those holidays (include images and photos)

### Music and Art

Names of major artists and musicians (include images or photos)

Names of famous artists whose works appear in museums or art galleries (include images of photos)

### Definition

A set of behaviors, attitudes, and policies that come together to enable systems, agencies, or professionals to work effectively in cross-cultural situations.

A set of benaviors, attiti	udes, and policies that come together to enable system  Proficient		Developing
	3	Emerging 2	Developing
Knowledge Cultural self- awareness  cultural self- awareness	Articulates insights into own cultural rules and biases (e.g. seeking complexity; aware of how her/his experiences have shaped	Recognizes new perspectives about own cultural rules and biases (e.g. not looking for sameness; comfortable with the complexities that new perspectives offer.)	Identifies own cultural rules and biases (e.g. with a strong preference for those rules shared with own cultural group and seeks the same in others.)
Knowledge Knowledge of cultural worldview frameworks	its history, values, politics, communication styles, economy, or beliefs and practices.	Demonstrates adequate understanding of the complexity of elements important to members of another culture in relation to its history, values, politics, communication styles, economy, or beliefs and practices.	Demonstrates partial understanding of the complexity of elements important to members of another culture in relation to its history, values, politics, communication styles, economy,
Skills Empathy  intercall EMPAT	Interprets intercultural experience from the perspectives of own and more than one worldview and demonstrates ability to act in a supportive manner that recognizes the feelings of another cultural group.	Recognizes intellectual and emotional dimensions of more and sometimes uses worldview in interaction.	reloping 1
Skills  Verbal and  nonverbal communication  COMMUNIC		shared understandir differences.  of the continuous importation culture values.	nstrates partial understanding complexity of elements ant to members of another in relation to its history, politics, communication
Attitudes Curiosity CURIOS		Asks deeper question and seeks out answer practice	economy, or beliefs and es.
Attitudes Openness OPENN	Initiates and develops interactions with culturally different others. Suspends judgment in valuing her/his interactions with culturally different others.	Begins to initiate and develop interactions with culturally different others. Begins to suspend judgment in valuing her/his interactions with culturally different others.	Expresses openness to most, if not all, interactions with culturally different others. Has difficulty suspending any judgment in her/his interactions with culturally different others, and is aware of own judgment and expresses a willingness to change.

Adapted from AAC&U Core Value Rubrics



### Global Learning Faculty Development Program

## "Creating encounters with difference that make a difference"

Larry A. Braskamp

## INTERCULTURAL OPENNESS ASSIGNMENT





For more information contact:
Chuck Calahan
calahanc@purdue.edu



### **ATTITUDE OF INTERCULTURAL OPENNESS**

When you have an attitude of intercultural openness, you are open to interacting with other people who are culturally different from you. You begin to initiate and develop relationships with other people who come from a different country, have a Passport from a country other than your own, and often who speak a native language other than your own. Intercultural openness eventually leads to the ability to suspend judgment when interacting with cultural differences.

In this assignment you are to build a collage of "selfie" photos (self-portrait photo of self and another person usually taken with a camera phone) of yourself with persons who are culturally different from you, that you have been cross culturally open with, and initiated the opportunity to begin to build a relationship and perhaps a friendship. The assignment is to identify culturally different persons who come from a country different than you do, who have a Passport from a country different than you do, and ideally who speak a native language different from your first language. Sit down with one of these persons, perhaps sharing a meal or attending an event together. During this time you will exchange answers to the following list of questions. Without providing the name of the person or any identification, write the person's responses in Word document or other file. Take a picture of yourself with this other person and begin to place these pictures together as a collage. You might consider using Popplet software to construct this assignment. See <a href="http://popplet.com/">http://popplet.com/</a>

Rubric	High (2)	Med (1)	Low (0)
"Selfie" Photos	4 or more photos	2 to 3 photos	1 photo
	answered; answers are	answered; answers are	less than 16 questions are answered; answers are incomplete and/or not clear



### "Strength lies in differences, not in similarities"

Stephen R. Covey

- 1. Describe your family lineage or constellation ... parent(s), brothers, sisters, ages, birth order, grandparents & etc.
- 2. What is one word you would use to describe yourself as a child?
- 3. If you could change one thing about how you were raised as a child, what would it be?
- 4. How do you recharge or recuperate your energy at the end of a difficult day?
- 5. If you were to thank one person for helping you become the person you are today, who would it be and why?
- 6. When are you the happiest?
- 7. What one memory do you most treasure?
- 8. Fill in the blank: If you really knew me, you'd know .
- 9. What would you be doing if you weren't a student or at your current job?
- 10. What more are you wanting as a student or in your career right now?
- 11. How do you react to stress?
- 12. What movie or novel character do you most identify with?
- 13. What quality in yourself would you hate to see emulated in others, especially children?

- 14. If you were to start a company from scratch, what values would you build it on?
- 15. What would you most regret *not* having accomplished by the end of your life?
- 16. What characteristic do you most admire in others?
- 17. What kind of impact do you believe you have on people?
- 18. What super power would you like to have?
- 19. What would your "perfect" day consist of?
- 20. What's the most important lesson you've learned in the last year?
- 21. How do you think your coworkers/peers see you?
- 22. If you ruled the world, what would you change on Day 1?
- 23. If you knew you only have one year left to live, would you change anything about the way you are living right now?
- 24. What one thing about yourself do you want in your elegy?
- 25. What are you most afraid of, relating to failing?



### Definition

	Proficient	Emerging		Developing
	3	2		1
SELF-AWARENESS	Articulates insights into own cultural rules and biases (e.g. seeking complexity; aware of how her/his experiences have shaped these rules, and how to recognize and respon	Recognizes new perspectives a cultural rules and biases (e.g. r sameness; comfortable with th complexities that new perspec	not looking for ne	Identifies own cultural rules and biases (e.g. with a strong preference for those rules shared with own cultural group and seeks the same in others.)
Cultural	Demor of the membor its hist	2	Dev	eloping 1
intercultural EMPATHY	Begins to initiate and interactions with cu	<mark>ılturally different</mark>	all, int	eractions with culturally ont others. Has difficulty
intercultural COMMUNICATION	Articul in valuing her/his ir	nteractions with	interac others judgm	nding any judgment in her/his ctions with culturally different and is aware of own ent and expresses a ness to change.
(intercultural)	Asks co culture to thes cultura			
Untercultural OPENNESS	Initiates and develops interactions with culturally different others. Suspends judgment in valuing her/his interactions with culturally different others.	suspend ent in valuing h	s. Begins to er/his	Expresses openness to most, if not all, interactions with culturally different others. Has difficulty suspending any judgment in her/his interactions with culturally different others, and is aware of own judgment and
	CURIOSITY  Cultural WORLDVIEW  WORLDVIEW  Lintercultural COMMUNICATION  Lintercultural CURIOSITY	these rules, and how to recognize and responshift in Demor of the memb its hist styles, Interprete worldv in a su feeling Articul cultura committee committe	these rules, and how to recognize and responshift in Demon of the membits hist styles, Interpression perspe world in a su feeling Articul cultura communders people communders people communders differe Asks co cultured to these cultural pulsariant a share differe Asks co culture to these cultural pulsariant in valuing her/his interactions with culturally different others.  Initiates and develops interactions with culturally different others suspends judgment in valuing her/his interactions suspens.	these rules, and how to recognize and complexities that new perspectives offer.)  responshift in Demor of the membits hist styles, Interport perspe worldwing the feeling Articul cultural cultural cultural cultural cultural cultural culturally different others. Begins to suspend judgment in valuing her/his interactions with culturally different others.  Begins to initiate and develop interactions with culturally different others. Begins to suspend judgment in valuing her/his interactions with culturally different others.  Culturally different others.  Initiates and develops interactions with culturally different others. Suspends judgment in valuing her/his interactions suspendifferent others. Suspends judgment in valuing her/his interactions suspendifferent others. Begins to ent in valuing her/his interactions suspendifferent others. Begins to ent in valuing her/his

Adapted from AAC&U Core Value Rubrics



### Global Learning Faculty Development Program

"Creating encounters with difference that make a difference"

## INTERCULTURAL COMMUNICATION ASSIGNMENT

Larry A. Braskamp





### SKILLS OF INTERCULTURAL VERBAL AND NONVERBAL COMMUNICATION

For more information contact:
Chuck Calahan

INSTRUCTIONAL EXCELLENCE

When we think about verbal and nonverbal communication in a different culture, we often consider challenges associated with language. However, much of what it takes to negotiate a shared understanding between different languages and to be effective in a different cultural context means you can detect subtle differences in how people behave and the ways they interact.



The source of this assignment is Engineering Cultures East Asia – China Learning Activities, Spring 2013 by Dr. Brent K. Jesiek, <u>bjesiek@purdue.edu</u>

can observe people for a sustained period of time, such as 30 minutes or so. While observing people, take time to consider: How do they move about? What gestures do they use? How do they interact and relate to each other? In what manner do they pass by each other? Do they have direct or indirect contact? What are the expectations for space and privacy? Are there exceptions to this?

For this assignment, you need to find a busy public place where people interact and where you

Take detailed notes and write, as a Word document or other file, a one paragraph summary responding to the prompts on the following page.



"Strength lies in differences, not in similarities"

Stephen R. Covey

### **PROMPTS**

- 1. What did you observe that is different from your native culture? Describe the traits, practices, and behaviors you observed. Discuss the similarities/differences compared to your native culture. Reflect on how you react to these traits/practices/behaviors.
- 2. Identify and describe one specific goal relating to building intercultural verbal and nonverbal communication skills you'd like to achieve in the next month.

Rubric	High (2)	Med (1)	Low (0)
What was observed?	clear description	somewhat clear description	less than clear description
Describe traits, practices, behaviors	clear description	somewhat clear description	less than clear description
Discuss similarities or differences	good comparing and contrasting	unclear comparing and contrasting	poor and unclear comparing and contrasting
How did you react?	clear and expressive	somewhat clear and expressive	poor clarity and weak expression
Goal identified and described	clear implication for future	somewhat clear implication for future	poor clarity and clear implication for future

Definition

A set of behaviors, a	ttitudes, and policies that come together to enab		work effective	
	Proficient 3	Emerging 2		Developing 1
	Artic and of ho these resp. Emergin		Deve	eloping 1
Skills Empathy  Skills	Dem of the mem its his style Interpers worl MPATHY  Dem of the mem its his style Cultural difference nonverbal combined begins to negotiate the mem its his style Cultural difference nonverbal combined begins to negotiate the mem its his style  Recognizes are cultural difference nonverbal combined begins to negotiate the mem its his style  Note that the mem its his style  Cultural difference nonverbal combined begins to negotiate the mem its his style  Interpretation of the mem its his style  Cultural difference nonverbal combined begins to negotiate the mem its his style  Interpretation of the mem its hi	nd participates in nces in verbal and nmunication and	Identification in verbase commumisund on those	es some cultural differences al and nonverbal nication and is aware that erstandings can occur based e differences but is still to negotiate a shared
communication	direct/indirect and explicit/imple meanings) and is able to skillfully negot a shared understanding based on those differences.			
	Asks complex questions about other cultures, seeks out and articulates answ to these questions that reflect multiple cultural perspectives.			Asks simple or surface questions about other cultures.
	Initiates and develops interactions with culturally different others. Suspends judgment in valuing her/his interaction with culturally different others.	with culturally different others	. Begins to er/his	Expresses openness to most, if not all, interactions with culturally different others. Has difficulty suspending any judgment in her/his interactions with culturally different others, and is aware of own judgment and expresses a willingness to change.  • Adapted from AAC&U Core Value Rubrics



### Global Learning Faculty Development Program

"Creating encounters with difference that make a difference"

Larry A. Braskamp

## ASSIGNMENT



For more information contact:
Chuck Calahan calahanc@purdue.edu



### ATTITUDE OF INTERCULTURAL CURIOSITY

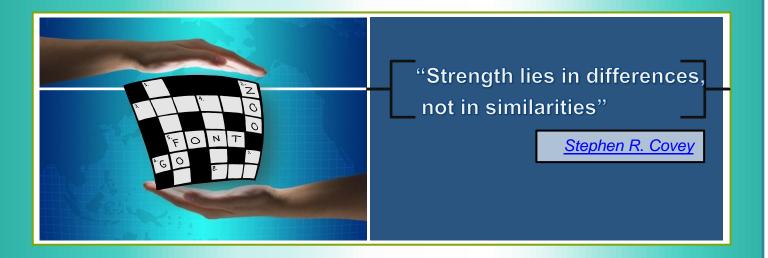
When you have an attitude of intercultural curiosity not only do you have a minimal interest in learning more about other cultures, but you also move from asking simple questions to asking deeper questions. As you seek answers to these questions, you can eventually articulate answers to questions reflecting multiple cultural perspectives.

**INTERCULTURAL CURIOSITY** 

This assignment involves two parts. The first part is to conduct a Google image search of the "cultural iceberg theory", and study the differences between the aspects of culture above the water line and below the water line. From the multiple images of cultural iceberg theory, evaluate which image is best at helping you to understand the theory. Copy and paste this image into a Word document or other file.

The second half of this assignment is to produce a cross word puzzle with at least 30 questions relating to the culture of the country or countries you will be visiting in study abroad. You may craft your questions and find the correct one word answers from the topics of one or both of the cultural iceberg image you selected or the topics on the next page taken from What's Up with Culture (Please note this is an excellent site and resource for you to get even more out of your study abroad trip.)

Rubric	High (2)	Med (1)	Low (0)
		image provided; high quality; adequate content	no image provided; poor quality; inadequate content
Questions	30 questions provided	IXII AHASHANS NIAWAAA	less than 30 questions provided
Answers	are all correct	are all correct	some answers incorrect



### **Topic ideas for part II**

- religious beliefs and the relationship of humans to the supernatural
- political power and the exercise of leadership in governance
- concepts of justice, fairness, punishment, and right conduct
- child raising and traditional processes of acculturation
- economic organization and division of labor
- rites of passage (life cycle celebrations), rituals, and ceremonies
- expression and style in the graphic and performing arts
- food preferences and rules concerning consumption
- nonverbal communication patterns and gestures
- concepts of humans' place and role in the natural world
- myths and cultural heroes to explain and commemorate core values
- dissemination of ideas about beauty, love, truth, friendship, and loyalty
- notions of modesty and age-appropriate dress styles and behavior
- ideas of what time is and its relative importance
- concerns about individual versus collective privilege and responsibility
- conceptions about personal space and privacy
- definitions of gender and associated strengths, duties, and roles

### **Cross Word Puzzle Building Resources**

StudyMate

Purdue license and download information

Sample StudyMate activities:

Age of Discovery

Instant Online Crossword Puzzle Maker

Example puzzles

Discovery Education criss-cross puzzle maker

### Other Puzzle/Trivia/Quizzes Building Resources

Fun Trivia

Sample quizzes:

Know your Global Village

The Cities of the Global Restaurant

Global Hot Spots 2002

Global Hot Spots 2004

Global Cities 'A'

Global Cities 'F'

Cities of the World Quizzes

**Discovery Education Puzzlemaker** 

As a Word document, PDF document or other file please turn in your cultural iceberg image, your cross word puzzle and the correct answers to your cross word puzzle.

Definition

A set of beha	viors, attitudes, and po	olicies that come together to enable syste		
	_	Proficient	Emerging	Developing
Knowledge Cultural self- awareness	Cultural SELF-AWARENESS of h	Emerging 2		Developing 1
Knowledge Knowledge of cultural worldview frameworks	shif  Der  of t  me  its I			
Skills Empathy	intercultural per wool in a fee	Asks deeper question other cultures and sanswers to these quarters.	eeks out	Asks simple or surface questions about other cultures.
Skills Verbal and nonverbal communication	COMMUNICATION CON und pec con direct mea a sha	nings) and is able to skillfully negared understanding based on those rences.		
Attitudes	cultu	complex questions about other ires, seeks out and articulates answers	Asks deeper questions about other co and seeks out answers to these quest	
Curiosity	CIIRINGITY	ese questions that reflect multiple iral perspectives.		
Attitudes Openness	intercultural judg	ates and develops interactions with a large of the state	Begins to initiate and develop interactive with culturally different others. Begin suspend judgment in valuing her/his interactions with culturally different of	interactions with culturally different others. Has difficulty suspending any judgment in



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## INTERCULTURAL EMPATHY ASSIGNMENT



### **SKILL OF INTERCULTURAL EMPATHY**

A person with intercultural empathy demonstrates adequate understanding of the complexity of what can be important to persons from a different culture. Often a person with intercultural empathy can interpret experiences or perspectives from their own and more than one worldview. This person can act supportive and recognize the feelings of a person with a different cultural perspective and different cultural values.

The exercise on the following page is adapted from Stella Ting-Toomey and Leeva Chung's workshop at the Summer Institute for Intercultural Communication, July 2013, in Portland, OR.

Rubric	High (2)	Med (1)	Low (0)
1st sentence Identifies	clearly ranks all 5 characters	clearly ranks all 5 characters	ranks less than 5 characters; unclear ranking
2nd Sentence Describe	clearly describes all 5 characters	clearly describes all 3 to 4 characters	unclear descriptions; 0 to 2 characters
3rd Sentence Interpret	clear interpretation for all 5 characters	clear interpretation for 3 to 4 characters	unclear interpretation for 0 to 2 characters
4th Sentence Evaluate	thoughtful evaluation for all 5 characters	thoughtful evaluation for all 5 characters	less than thoughtful evaluation for 0 to 2 characters



### "Strength lies in differences, not in similarities"

Stephen R. Covey

### Please read the following parable:

### The Parable

ROSEMARY is a young woman about 21 years old. For a long time she has been engaged to a young man named HERNANDO and she is coming from a great distance to meet him for their scheduled wedding. The problem she faces is that between her and her betrothed there lies a river. No ordinary river, mind you, but a deep, wide river infested with hungry crocodiles.

ROSEMARY ponders how she can cross the river. She thinks of a man who has a boat, whose name is SVEN. She approaches SVEN and asks him to take her across the river. SVEN replies, "Yes, I'll take you across the river if you'll spend the night with me."

Shocked at this offer, she turns to another acquaintance, LEE PAI, and tells him her story. LEE PAI responds by saying, "Poor ROSEMARY, I understand your problem, but I don't see how I can help. It's really your problem, not mine."

ROSEMARY, in desperation, decided to return to SVEN, and spends the night with him. In the morning, SVEN takes her across the river. She completes her journey and arrives in time.

Her reunion with HERNANDO is warm, but on the evening before they are to be married, ROSEMARY feels compelled to tell HERNANDO how she succeeded in getting across the river. HERNANDO responds by saying, "I can't believe you would do such a thing. I wouldn't marry you if you were the last woman on earth." And he banishes her as a soiled woman.

### The Parable Exercise

pehavior you MOST APPROVE to LEAST APPROVE.
MOST APPROVE:
LEAST APPROVE:

Step 1. Write down, in rank order, the character whose

Now write as a Word document or other file, a 4 sentence reflection paragraph on each choice. The first sentence should identify the character and your rank order. Your second sentence should concisely describe the behavior of the character. The third sentence should interpret the behavior using a cultural lens. Sentence four is your evaluation of this behavior. Write a 4 sentence paragraph reflection for each of the 5 characters above.

Step 2. Next reverse your rank order from above. Make your MOST APPROVED person your LEAST APRROVED person and your LEAST APPROVED person your MOST APPROVED person.

MOST APPROVE:	
LEAST APPROVE:	

For this new reversed rank order write a 4 sentence reflection paragraph on each new and revised choice as Word document. The first sentence should identify the character and the new rank order. Your second sentence should concisely describe the behavior of the character. The third sentence should interpret the behavior using a cultural lens. Sentence four is your evaluation of this behavior. Write a 4 sentence paragraph reflection for each of the 5 characters above. In other words, you are writing a reflective paragraph using a new cultural lens to justify the opposite of what you presented in Step 2.

### **Additional instructions**

The same rubric can be used for step 1 and step 2, noting that the ranking has been reversed.

### **Optional group activity**

Split into groups of four or five. Each group member should take turns to share his/her first choice, second choice, then third choice, etc.

Probe each other for the reasoning behind the rank-order decision-making process. Discuss and arrive at a group consensus of the rank-order choices.

One member of the group should be responsible to record group choices and report back to the entire class.



Source: Adapted from William Weeks, Paul Pedersen, & Richard Brislin (1979). A Manual of Structured Experiences for Cultural Learning. La Grange Park, IL: Intercultural Network.

Understanding Intercultural Communication (2012) by Stella Ting-Toomey, Leeva C. Chung and Alex Flecky, New York, Oxford University Press, 2012

### Definition

A set of beha	viors, attitudes,	and policies that come together to enable syste	ems, agencies, or professionals to v	work effectively in cross-cultural situations.	
		Proficient 3	Emerging 2	Developing 1	
<b>Knowledge</b> Cultural self- awareness	Cultural SELF-AWARENESS	Articulates insights into own cultural rules and biases (e.g. seeking complexity; aware of how her/his experiences have shaped these rules, and how to recognize and respond to cultural biases, resulting in a shift in self-description.)	Recognizes new perspectives about cultural rules and biases (e.g. no sameness; comfortable with the complexities that new perspectives	ot looking for with a strong preference for those rules shared with own cultural group and seek	
Knowledge Knowledge of cultural worldview frameworks	WORLDVIEW	Demonstrates sophisticated understanding of the complexity of elements important to members of another culture in relation to its history, values, politics, communication styles, economy, or beliefs and practices.	Demonstrates adequate underst the complexity of elements impor- members of another culture in ru- its history, values, politics, comm styles, economy, or beliefs and p	ortant to complexity of elements important to members of another culture in relation to its history, values, politics, communication	
Skills	intercultural	Interprets intercultural experience from the perspectives of own and more than one worldview and demonstrates ability to act	Recognizes intellectual and emo- dimensions of more than one wo and sometimes uses more than or	orldview perspectives but responds in all situation	
Empathy	EMPATHY	in a supportive manner that recognizes the	worldview in interactions.	one wondview.	
Skills Verbal and nonverbal communication	intercultural COMMUNICATION	Emerging 2		Developing 1	
		Recognizes intellect a emotional dimension	ns of more than	Identifies components of other cultural perspectives but responds	
Attitudes Curiosity	CURIOSITY	one worldview and sometimes uses in all situations with own worldview. more than one worldview in interactions.			
Attitudes Openness	OPENNESS OPENNESS	In cu ju w			
				expresses a willingness to change.	

"Creating encounters with difference that make a difference"

Larry A. Braskamp

## KNOWLEDGE OF CULTURAL SELF-AWARENESS ASSIGNMENT





For more information contact:
Chuck Calahan
calahan
@pundue.edu



### KNOWLEDGE OF CULTURAL SELF-AWARENESS

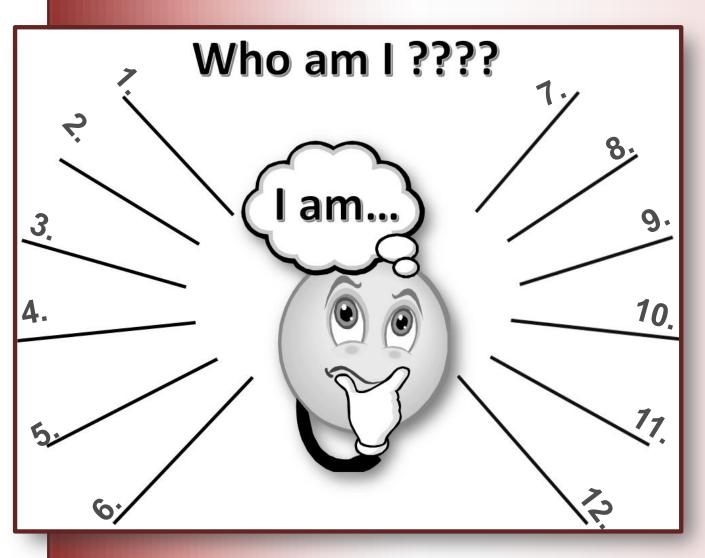
The knowledge of cultural self-awareness is, at the minimum, understanding your own culturally determined identity, rules, and biases. As you develop cultural self-awareness not only can you articulate your own cultural identity, rules, and biases, but you also begin to move from strongly preferring only your own cultural view to becoming more comfortable with new cultural perspectives. Cultural self-awareness leads you to progress from looking for sameness to seeking complexity based on cultural differences.

The following exercise is adapted from Stella Ting-Toomey and Leeva Chung's workshop at the Summer Institute for Intercultural Communication, July 2013, in Portland, OR.

This assignment first asks you to fill in at least 12 identities for yourself on a figure (shown on the following page). Please feel free to add additional lines for more than 12 identities.

Rubric	High (2)	Med (1)	Low (0)
	completed 12 lines or identities or more	i i	completed less than 12 lines or identities
racinal gard	depth, and self-perception	clarity, depth, and self-	did not complete 4 items; thinking is unclear and shallow; lacks self-perception

Fill in at least 12 identities for yourself on the following figure:



Next complete, as a Word document or other file, the following 6 short essay items:

### WHO AM I??? Identity Dialogue

- 1. In reviewing the figure, which three identities are the most important to you?
- 2. Which one identity, in particular, is shaped by the values of your ethnic/ cultural membership? In what ways?
- 3. Looking at the figure again, which one identity are you most comfortable with? Why?
- 4. Which one identity are you most proud of? Why?
- 5. Which one identity are you least comfortable with? Why?
- 6. If someone wanted to find out more about who you are, how should they approach you? How should they begin? What are the best ways to get to know you?

### **OPTIONAL THINK PAIR SHARE**

After answering the questions, please pair up with a partner, feel free to share whatever you are comfortable in sharing and keep private whatever you are not comfortable in revealing. Try to listen for both similarities and differences in your identity dialogue. What is the one insight you've learned by talking to your partner?

### Definition

A set of behaviors, attitudes, and policies that come together to enable systems, agencies, or professionals to work effectively in cross-cultural situations.

A set of be	naviors, attitude	es, and policies that come together to enable sy	1	
		Proficient	Emerging	Developing
		3	2	1
Knowledge		Articulates insights into own cultural rules and biases (e.g. seeking complexity; aware	Recognizes new perspectives about own cultural rules and biases (e.g. not looking	Identifies own cultural rules and biases (e.g. for with a strong preference for those rules
_	cultural	of how her/his experiences have shaped	sameness; comfortable with the	shared with own cultural group and seeks
Cultural self-	SELF-AWARENESS	these rules, and how to recognize and	complexities that new perspectives offer.	
Cartar ar 5cij		respond to cultural biases, resulting in a		
awareness		shift in self-description.)		
Knowledge		Demons		
Knowledge of cultural	cultural	of the co	2	eveloping 1
worldview frameworks	WORLDVIEW	member its histo	2	eveloping i
		styles, e		
Skills		Internre	Ide	ntifies own cultural rules and
Empathy		perspec Recognizes new perspec	erspectives about	
	EMPATHY	worldvie own cultural rules a	11 IU DIGSES (E.U.	ses (e.g. with a strong
		in a sup	` nra	ference for those rules shared
Skills			\A/i+b	n own cultural group and seeks
Verbal and		Articular comfortable with th	e complexilles	
nonverbal communication	intercultural	communication that new perspective	ves offer.)	same in others.)
	CUMMUNICATION	underst	,	
		people (		
		commu		
Attitudes		direct/ir		
Curiosity		Asks cor cultures, seeks out and articulates answers	and seeks out answers to these questions	other cultures.
carrosity	intercultural	to these questions that reflect multiple	and seeks out answers to these questions	other curcures.
	CURIOSITY	cultural perspectives.		
Attitudes		Initiates and develops interactions with	Begins to initiate and develop interaction	s Expresses openness to most, if not all,
Openness			with culturally different others. Begins to	
	intercultural	judgment in valuing her/his interactions suspend judgment in valuing her/his		Has difficulty suspending any judgment in
	OPENNESS	with culturally different others.	interactions with culturally different othe	rs. her/his interactions with culturally different
				others, and is aware of own judgment and
				expresses a willingness to change.

## Contact <u>Charles A. Calahan</u> for more information

