Higher Ed Spotlight The Federal Perkins Loan Program

American Council on Education® Center for Policy Research and Strategy.

The Federal Perkins Loan Program, established in 1958, is a low-interest federal loan program for students with financial need that is funded through a partnership with the federal government and participating higher education institutions. In September 2015, the loan program expired. In December 2015, however, Congress passed a two-year extension of the program with revised terms. Under these adjusted terms, new borrowers must first exhaust all of their direct loan eligibility before they can be offered Perkins dollars. In addition, new graduate students are no longer eligible for the program. Despite limiting the pool of eligible students, the new terms maintain the low interest rate of 5 percent as well as the

> in-school interest subsidy. Without further legislative action, no new Perkins loans may be awarded after September 30, 2017.

Undergraduate Perkins Loan Borrowers DEPENDENCY GENDER

71% 29% Dependent Independent

Average total

2014-15

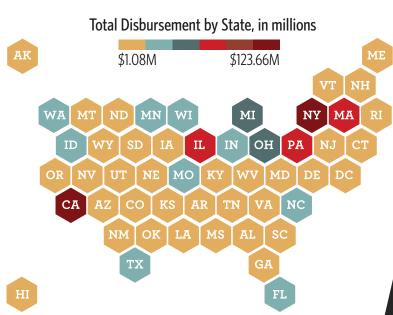
disbursement

Median Adjusted Gross Income \$28,366



Median Age White 62% Black 14% Hispanic 12% Asian 6% Two or more 5% American Indian 1%

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528,008

students received a Perkins Loan in 2014–15

Sources: [1] Federal Student Aid Data Center. 2016. 2014-2015 Award Year Campus-Based Program Data by School. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education. [2] National Center for Education Statistics. 2013. 2011-2012 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS: 12). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education. (All results are weighted (WTA000).)